

Leamington Primary Geography Organiser Year 6 – Land Use How was land used in World War 1?



What I should already know	What I will learn	:	Skills and Research		
That land is used in different ways	What were the causes of WW1? We will look at the geographical and political causes of	Barriers	An obstacle that prevents movement across it	You will research man-	
 Maps show locations 	WW1 and why and which countries formed alliances.	Borders	The edge of a country; a line separating two countries, divisions, or other areas.	made and physical feature of battle grounds and how	
including roads • Maps can be in	Which countries fought in WW1 and their location? You will look into the location of the countries that	Countries	a nation with its own government, occupying a particular territory.	they were used as an	
OS form, digital or otherwise	made up the Central and Allied Powers, labelling them on maps and recognising which countries shared	Europe	a continent of the northern hemisphere containing UK.	advantage to win battles. You will use mapping skills	
 World War 1 was a battle between 	borders allowing access without crossing seas/ oceans.	Globe	A spherical map of the Earth	to locate countries on each	
two groups of countries	The difference between rural and urban areas: We will continue to explore how rural areas differ from	Human feature	Man-made places or features e.g. houses, roads, bridges etc.	and where significant	
Interesting Facts	urban areas and how areas were used or impacted during WW1. Children will identify which areas were	Landscape	all the visible features of an area of land	battles were fought. You will research and	
• German Nazis	used for battle fields, which were targeted during Zepplin raids and which were used as sanctuary?	Location	Where something is; a particular place or position	analyse the benefits and	
aimed to control Europe: they	Human and physical features of countries in WW1: You will step into character and discover the journey	Physical feature	Naturally occurring places or features e.g. rivers, mountains, seas etc.	disadvantages of living in rural and urban areas.	
invaded France, Belgium, Holland,	soldiers took; the routes they chose across different countries and why; the naturally occurring features they	Route	a way or course taken in getting from a starting point to a destination.	You will research which	
Luxembourg, Denmark, Norway,	could used barriers. We will examine trenches built and tunnels by WW1 soldiers and how they were used in	Rural	an open swath of land that has few homes or other buildings, and not very many people.	battles fought on land, sea and sky on the Western	
Greece, Yugoslavia* and	battle and defence.	Scale	A map scale is the relationship between a distance on a map and the corresponding distance on the earth.	and Eastern fronts and role land, sea and sky played in	
the USSR*. (*These names of	How was Land, Sea and Sky utilised by the Army, Navy and Air Force to win battles during WW1?	Suburban	The areas surrounding an urban 'city' area.	winning world war 1.	
the countries have changed since WW2) • Most battles took	We will look at battles fought on land, sea and sky on the Western and Eastern fronts.	Trench Warfare	A type of land warfare using occupied lines largely comprising military trenches, in which troops are well-protected from the enemy's small arms fire and are substantially sheltered from artillery.	ATLANTIC CCEAN (North Community Comm	
place on the borders of countries using	The Com	Tunnel Warfare	Acts of war being conducted in tunnels. This often includes the construction of underground facilities which are mined in order to attack or defend opponents in war.	PARALE STREET AND	
both natural and man-made		Urban	Very developed areas with a density of human structures. "Urban area" can refer to towns, cities, and suburbs.	SPAIN TEAM OF THE CASE OF THE	
defences.		Urbanisation	an increase in the proportion of people living in urban areas compared to rural areas	MARGORIA ALGERIA MAGGERIANAS Sua	